## Australian Curriculum Links

Yr 1: ACMNAO15: Represent and solve simple addition and subtraction problems using a range of strategies including counting on, partitioning and rearranging parts
Yr 2: ACMNAO3O: Solve simple addition and subtraction problems using a range of efficient mental and written strategies

## Teachers Notes

When teaching this game the part-part-whole aspect of the calculation should be emphasised.

| Whole (10) |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Part (6) | Part (4) |

Further combinations may be added to make ten. Students will notice that some combinations appear twice such as 9 and 1,1 and 9,8 and 2,2 and 8,7 and 3,3 and 7,6 and 4 and 4 and 6 . Highlight this and explain the commutative property of addition, that is the order in which the addition takes place does not affect the total.
Consider missing parts.

| Whole (10) |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Part (6) |  |

Ask the students to work out which part is missing and to explain how they did it. Some will say 'Six and what makes 10 , six and four make ten. Others will make the link to subtraction, that is $10-6=4$, therefore the missing part is 4 .

Ten Frames are a useful model to highlight the make to ten strategy.


$$
\begin{array}{ll}
9+1=10 & 1+9=10 \\
10-9=1 & \\
10-1=9 &
\end{array}
$$

## Monitoring Game Play

One player takes on the role of Roller Coaster Ride controller and monitors all calculations.
(A Roller Coaster Ride Reckoner is provided)

Recommended: Printing this before play and allocating one student as a "Controller" (checker).

| Roller Coaster Ride <br> Reckoner |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| SPIN | MOVE |
| 4 | 6 |
| 5 | 5 |
| 6 | 4 |
| 7 | 3 |
| 8 | 2 |
| 9 | 1 |

